

Specialty Deep Black HL3

Aluminum Dye

1. Description

Specialty Deep Black HL3 is a single component, water soluble dye, used to color anodized aluminum jet-black.

- Excellent light fastness
- Meets MIL-A-8625F, Type II, Class 2
- ☑ Fast striking
- ☑ Only requires 0.40 mil thickness to achieve consistent jet-black coatings.
- ☑ Hardcoat compatible
- ☑ RoHS compliant
- REACH compliant

2. Application instructions	Indoor applications	Outdoor applications
Concentration:	9-11 g/l	10-12 g/l
pH:	5.5 ±0.5	5.5 ±0.5
Buffering:	Not required	Not required
Temperature:	135-145°F / 57.22-62.77°C	135-145°F / 57.22-62.77°C
Coating thickness:	0.40 mils. or greater	0.80 mils. or greater
Dye time:	10-15 minutes	20-30 minutes
Preferred sealing:	Specialty Sealant MTL Specialty Sealant Cold sealant compatible	Specialty Sealant MTL Specialty Sealant Cold sealant compatible

3. Conditions for using Specialty Deep Black HL3

Tank:	Stainless steel or other acid resistant materials such as neoprene, polyethylene and polypropylene that can withstand a constant operating temperature of 135-145°F.
Water quality:	Deionized
pH adjustments:	Raise with sodium hydroxide. Lower with acetic acid.
	The pH should be checked once per shift with a calibrated meter and maintained within recommended range.
Bath agitation:	Mild agitation must be used for high uniformity of color.
Rinsing:	It is important to remove all acid residues clinging to the work and acid retention in the oxide pore itself. Rinse work load thoroughly after anodizing. A minimum of two rinses is recommended, with the second rinse at over-flow.
	To increase rinsing effectiveness, add vigorous air agitation in all rinse tanks. This also improves your rinsing of surfaces on complicated shaped parts.

4. Light fastness

Rating: 8 (1=poor, 8=excellent)

5. Storage

Store in original container in a cool dry location. Close package tightly after removal of dye. In humid environments, dye powder may clump-up.

6. Preparation of a new dyebath

- 1. A cleaned tank is filled with deionized water to about 75% of final volume and raised to dyeing temperature.
- 2. The required amount of dye is weighed out and dissolved in hot deionized water (160-180°F) in a separate container until a slurry is formed. This is your stock solution.
- 3. With agitation turned on in tank, pour stock solution into tank.
- 4. Top off the tank to final working solution volume with more hot deionized water and agitate for 15 minutes.
- 5. Using a calibrated pH meter, check the pH and adjust if necessary.
- 6. The dyebath is brought to dyeing temperature, 135-145°F.

7. Conversion factor

Converting grams per liter (g/l) to ounces per gallon (oz/gal)

g/l x 0.134 = oz/gal

8. Dyebath concentration determination

Dyebath concentration can only be determined by spectrophotometric analysis. Full instructions are available upon request.

9. Product safety

We recommend that the company/operator read and review the **S**afety **D**ata **S**heet for the appropriate health and safety warnings before use.

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